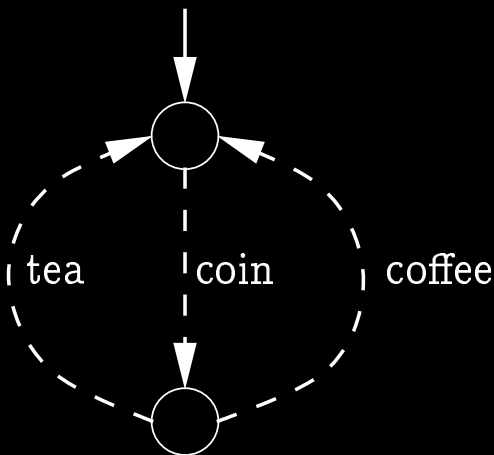


# On Modal Refinement and Consistency

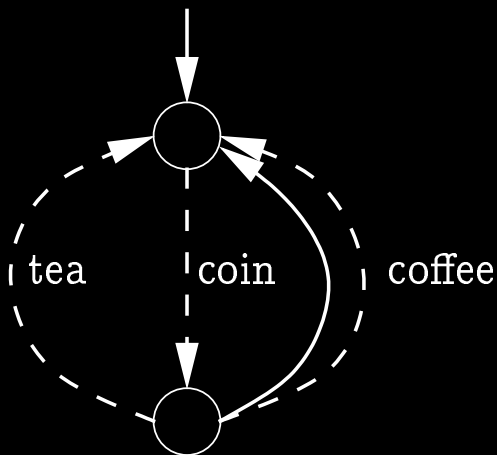
Kim G. Larsen, Ulrik Nyman and  
Andrzej Wąsowski

Aalborg University

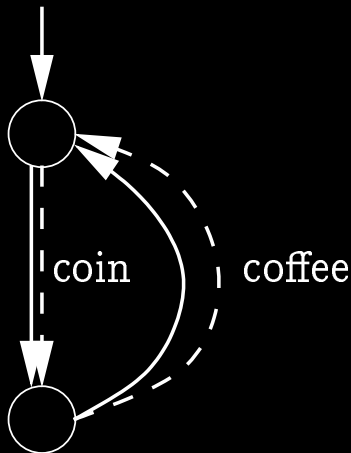
# Modal Transition Systems



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An implementation.

# Outline

- Modal Transition Systems
- Part I: Refinement vs Implementation Inclusion
- Part II: Consistency
- Conjectures & Summary

# Part I

Refinement

vs

Implementation

Inclusion

Def. Modal transition system

$$S = (\text{states}_S, \Sigma, \longrightarrow_S, \dashrightarrow_S)$$

- $\text{states}_S$ : a finite set of states
- $\Sigma$ : an alphabet of actions
- $\longrightarrow_S \subseteq \text{states}_S \times \Sigma \times \text{states}_S$  (must)
- $\dashrightarrow_S \subseteq \text{states}_S \times \Sigma \times \text{states}_S$  (may)

Transition relations are finite.

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## Def. Modal Refinement

$S \leq_m T$  iff for any  $a \in \Sigma$ :

whenever  $S \xrightarrow{a} S'$  for some  $S'$  then  
for some  $T'$ :  $T \xrightarrow{a} T'$  and  $S' \leq_m T'$

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# Implementations

Def. A modal transition system  $I$  is an implementation iff  $\longrightarrow_I = \dashrightarrow_I$ .

Note: refinements of  $I$  are bisimilar.

Def. Implementation Inclusion

$S \subseteq_m T$  iff  $\forall$  implementations  $I$ .

$I \leq_m S$  implies  $I \leq_m T$ .

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Def. A refinement  $\mathcal{R}$  is sound and complete wrt implementation inclusion if

$$S \mathcal{R} T \text{ iff } S \subseteq_m T .$$

Thm. Modal refinement is sound:

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Proof. Simple. □

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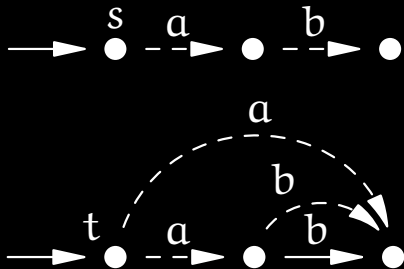
$$S \leq_m T \text{ implies } S \subseteq_m T .$$

Proof. Simple.



Thm. Modal refinement is incomplete

Proof.



$s \not\leq_m t$ , while  $\forall i. i \leq_m s$  iff  $i \leq_m t$   $\square$

Theorem.

- Establishing implementation inclusion is co-NP hard
- even for syntactically consistent systems ( $\dashv\vdash_S = \longrightarrow_S$ ).

Side note. Modal refinement is in P.

Proof. by reduction from validity checking (3-DNF-TAUTولوجY).

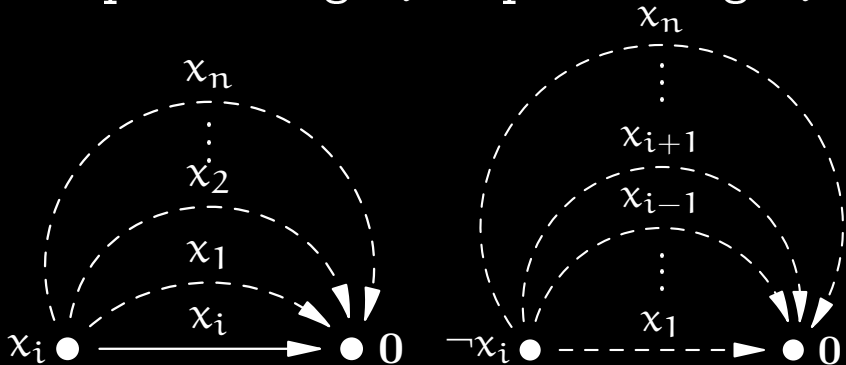


Proof sketch.

- Construct  $T_\varphi$  (representing a tautology over  $x_1 \dots x_n$ )
- Construct  $S_\varphi$  (representing  $\varphi$ )

Such that  $\text{true} \implies \varphi$  is a tautology iff  $\llbracket T_\varphi, \text{true} \rrbracket \subseteq \llbracket S_\varphi, \varphi \rrbracket$

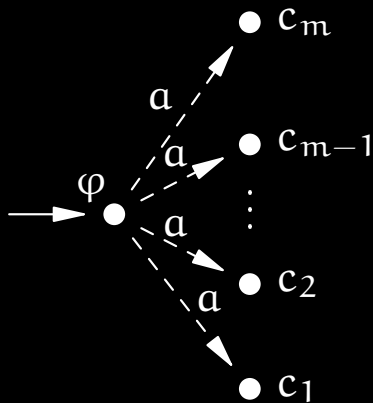
Representing  $x_i$       Representing  $\bar{x}_i$



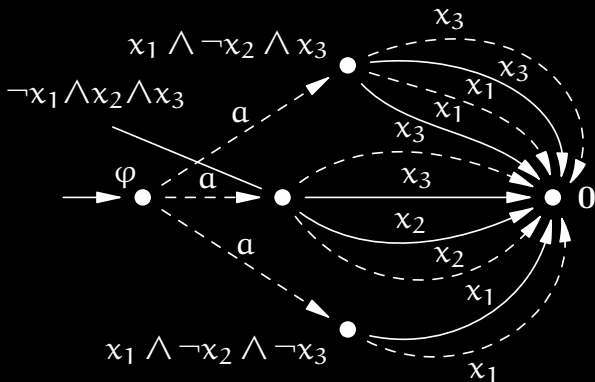
Combine to represent  
any satisfiable term.

A DNF formula:

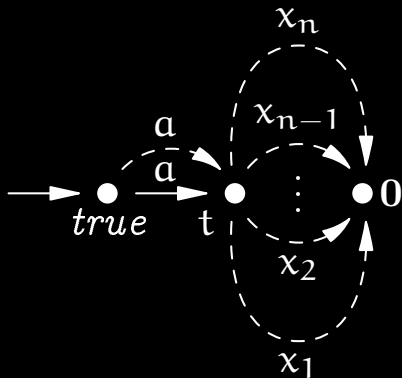
$$c_1 \vee c_2 \vee \dots \vee c_{m-1} \vee c_m.$$



Reduction for  $\varphi = (x_1 \wedge \neg x_2 \wedge x_3) \vee (\neg x_1 \wedge x_2 \wedge x_3) \vee (x_1 \wedge \neg x_2 \wedge \neg x_3)$ .

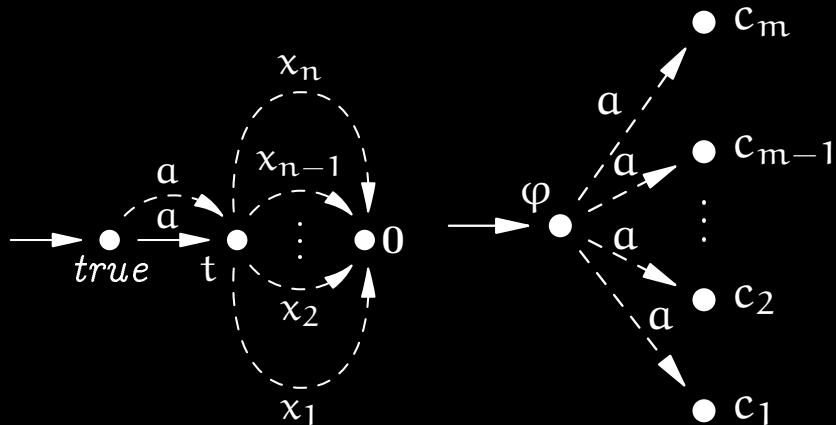


A true formula over the same variables.



# Implementation inclusion

$\rightarrow \varphi$  is valid.



# Part II

# Consistency

(\*) Syntactic consistency:  $\longrightarrow \subseteq \dashrightarrow$

- No support for contradictions.
- Logic: consistency  $\equiv$  existence of solutions under a satisfaction relation. Here:
  - ▶ refinement is satisfaction
  - ▶ implementations are solutions.
  - ▶ consistency: existence of implementation
- Characterize consistency using a computable criterion, like (\*)



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## Def. Strong Consistency

A state  $S$  is strongly consistent iff there exists an implementation  $I$  such that

$$I \leq_m S .$$

# Computing Consistency

For  $\sigma, \sigma' \subseteq \text{states}_S$  we write:

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{a[S]} \sigma' \quad \text{iff} \quad \exists s \in \sigma. \exists s' \in \sigma'. s \xrightarrow{a} s'$$

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{-a[S]} \sigma' \quad \text{iff} \quad \forall s \in \sigma. \exists s' \in \sigma'. s \xrightarrow{-a} s'$$

(state sets are conjunctions of constraints)

# Computing Consistency

Def.  $\mathcal{B} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(\text{states}_S)$  is a strong consistency relation iff for all  $a \in \text{act}$  and  $\sigma \in \mathcal{B}$ :

$$\forall s \in \sigma. s \xrightarrow{a} s' \exists \sigma' \in \mathcal{B}.$$

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{a[S]} \sigma' \text{ and } \sigma \xrightarrow{-a[S]} \sigma' \text{ and } s' \in \sigma'.$$

Thm. A state  $S$  is (strongly) consistent iff there exists a consistency relation with a class  $\sigma_s$  such that  $S \in \sigma_s$ .

Thm. Establishing strong consistency is NP-hard.

Proof. Reduction from 3-CNF-SAT.

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# Consistency Results

Refinement	Lower bound	Upper bound
syntactic	linear	linear
strong	NP-hard	exp-time
weak	NP-hard	exp-time
may-weak	NP-hard	exp-time

# Epilogue



# Conjectures

- All consistencies are most likely PSPACE-complete (we have a proof sketch for the strong one).
- Establishing implementation inclusion is PSPACE-complete (currently working on this).

# Summary

- Modal refinement is incomplete with respect to the implementation inclusion.
- Implementation inclusion is co-NP hard to establish.
- Characterized 4 consistencies
- All, but the syntactic one, are NP-hard.