

Homework 5

due *before* class meets.

1. For each of the following expression in the Java language, give an equivalent λ -term:

- (a) Example: `int addfive (int x) { return x+5; }`
 Solution: $\lambda x : x + 5$
- (b) Example: `int add (int x, int y) { return x+y }`
 Solution: $\lambda x : \lambda y : x + y$
- (c) Example: `double sinpone (double x) { return Math.sin(x+1); }`
 Solution: $\lambda x : \sin(x + 1)$
- (d) `int seven (int x) { return 7; }`
- (e) `int fst (int x, int y) { return x; }`
- (f) `int snd (int x, int y) { return y; }`
- (g) `int dostuff (int x) { return (x+5)/9; }`
- (h) `int sumprices (hat h, jacket j) { return price(h)+price(j); }`
- (i) `Object apptoitself (function f) { return f(f); }`
- (j) `Object apptwice (function f, int x) { return f(f(x)); }`

2. Reduce the following λ -terms one step at a time. Warning: not all of the evaluate to a number.

- (a) Example: $((\lambda x. \lambda y. xy)(\lambda z. z^3)) 6$ Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 ((\lambda x. \lambda y. xy)(\lambda z. z^3)) 6 &= (\lambda y. (\lambda z. z^3)y) 6 \\
 &= (\lambda z. z^3) 6 \\
 &= 6^3 \\
 &= 216
 \end{aligned}$$

- (b) $((\lambda x. x)(\lambda y. y + y)) 7$
- (c) $((\lambda x. \lambda y. x + y)((\lambda z. 14) 5))((\lambda u. u - 4) 6)$
- (d) $((\lambda x. \lambda y. \lambda z. x (y (x z))) (\lambda u. u + 4)) (\lambda v. v^2)) 8$
- (e) $((\lambda x. \lambda y. x \times (y - 21)) (\lambda z. z \times 4)) 6$

- 3. (a) Define a λ -expression e that composes two functions f and g in the following way: $e f g x = f(g(x))$
- (b) Give a reduction of $e (\lambda x. 2 \times x) (\lambda y. 3 \times y)$
- (c) How many steps did it take to reduce this expression?
- (d) Is the reduction sequence unique?